

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION NO. 2622 OF 2022

Peoples Education Society Thane

....Petitioner

V/s.

Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Exemption Circle, Pune and Ors.

...Respondents

Mr. V. Sridharan, Senior Advocate a/w Ms. Neha Sharma i/b Mr. Tanmay Phadke for Petitioner.

Mr. Suresh Kumar for Respondents.

CORAM: K.R. SHRIRAM &

DR. NEELA GOKHALE, JJ.

DATED: 7th NOVEMBER 2023

P.C. :

1. Petitioner is a charitable trust registered under the Bombay

Public Trust Act, 1950. Petitioner has been undertaking educational

activities since 1926 in running English and Marathi medium schools

and colleges.

2. Sometime in 2014 petitioner obtained necessary building plans

approved from the Thane Municipal Corporation (T.M.C.) and commenced

construction of the new school building within the same premises.

Petitioner entered into an agreement on a build, lease and transfer basis

with one Global Edu-Infra Development Private Limited on 6th August 2015.

As per the agreement petitioner was to grant lease hold rights of certain

portion of the newly constructed buildings/premises for a period of 45 years

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to the developer. The ownership rights of the entire land as well as the

superstructures was not parted with and same continues to belong to

petitioner. The construction of new building/redevelopment of old building

was completed during the Financial Year 2017-18 corresponding to

Assessment Year 2018-19 at an approximate cost of Rs. 43 Crores to the

developer. Occupancy Certificate was also received from T.M.C.

3. In its books of accounts for Financial Year 2017-18

corresponding to Assessment Year 2018-19 petitioner had shown an income

of Rs.43 Crores representing total cost to the developer as arising from the

transfer of lease hold rights. Since the transfer of lease hold right was

nothing but a consideration for construction of new buildings of petitioner

the said sum of Rs.43 Crores was also shown as cost of new school buildings

by petitioner.

4. Petitioner had filed its return of income for the Assessment Year

2018-19 on 30th October 2018 showing Rs.43 Crores as consideration for

transfer of lease hold rights that was also shown/taken as application of

income in the form of new school buildings under Section 11 of the Income

Tax Act, 1961 (the Act). The return filed by petitioner for Assessment Year

2018-19 was selected for scrutiny. During the course of assessment

proceeding, petitioner placed on record copies of computation of income

and financials and also explained the nature of agreement etc. Copy of the

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agreement with the developer was also placed on record. A Show Cause Notice was also issued on the premise that the sum of Rs.43 Crores was duly considered and offered to tax as income by petitioner and petitioner was called upon to establish as to why the said amount which was equally claimed as a deduction in form of application of income could not be disallowed due to lack of documentary evidence. Petitioner filed a detailed reply that was accepted by the department and further notice dated 28th May 2021 under Section 142(1) of the Act was issued calling upon petitioner to show cause as to why the said income should not be disallowed on the non-compliance of TDS under Section 40(a)(ia) of the Act. Petitioner responded and subsequently an assessment order dated 27th August 2021 under Section 143(3) read with Section 144B of the Act was passed accepting the returned income of petitioner.

5. Prior to these events petitioner had filed a return of income for Assessment Year 2016-17 which was processed under Section 143(1) of the Act. A notice dated 31st March 2021 came to be issued under Section 143 of the Act proposing to assess the income of petitioner as having escaped income. The reasons were made available to petitioner and the reasons indicates that it was issued on the premise that petitioner had sold an immovable property of Rs. 40 Crores on 6th August 2015 and income arising there from was not offered to tax under the head "Capital Gains" in the return of income. The reasons also mentioned that the sum of Rs.40 Crores did not appear as part of the receipts/income.

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6. Petitioner filed objections and in the objections to reopening

brought to the notice of the Assessing Officer (A.O.) that the income of

Rs.43 Crores pertaining to the transfer of lease hold rights was duly offered

to tax by petitioner on its own in the year of transfer, i.e., Assessment Year

2018-19 ruling out any escapement of income for the year under

consideration on the date of issuance of notice and thus taxability did not

arise in the Financial Year 2016-17. Petitioner also mentioned that the

aforesaid income of Rs.43 Crores as offered to tax for Assessment Year 2018-

19 stood accepted by the department after a detailed examination. Of

course, petitioner also dealt with the merits of the matter. Notwithstanding

this the objections were rejected by an order dated 13th January 2022 which

is also impugned in the petition.

7. Subsequently, notice under Section 142(1) of the Act came to

be issued. Petitioner hence filed this petition.

8. In the affidavit in reply filed through one Mr. P. N. Nair, Joint

Commissioner of Income Tax (OSD) affirmed on 30th May 2022 it is

admitted that the assessment for Assessment Year 2018-19 was completed

on 27th August 2021 while the notice under Section 148 of the Act was

issued on 31st March 2021.

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9. Mr. Suresh Kumar agrees to a query posed by the court that if

the amount has already been considered in the subsequent assessment years

and assessment order has been passed, the question of escapement of

income for the same amount in the previous year will not arise. We are also

informed that there is no change in the rate of tax.

10. In the circumstances, we allow the petition in terms of prayer

clause - (a) which reads as under:

(a) That this Hon'ble Court may be pleased to issue under Articles 226 and 227 of the Constitution of India, an appropriate direction, order or a writ including a writ in the nature of 'certioraris' calling for the records of the case and after satisfying itself as to the legality

for the records of the case and after satisfying itself as to the legality thereof quash the impugned notice dated 31.03.2021 issued by the Respondent No.1 under section 148 of the Act being Exhibit – "F"

and the impugned order dated 13.01.2022 being Exhibit "K" as bad in law.

11. Petition disposed. No order as to costs.

(DR. NEELA GOKHALE, J.)

(K.R. SHRIRAM, J.)

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